

Version 7 - This version replaces all previous versions.

Revision Date 09.09.2014

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : PRIMO MAXX

Design code : A11825A

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use : Plant growth regulator

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company Syngenta UK Limited

CPC4, Capital Park Fulbourn, Cambridge

CB21 5XE

Telephone : (01223) 883400 **Telefax** : (01223) 882195

Website : www.syngenta.co.uk

1.4 Emergency telephone number

: +44 (0) 1484 538444

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EU) 1272/2008

Eye irritationCategory 2H319Reproductive toxicitySub Category 1BH360DfChronic aquatic toxicityCategory 3H412

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

Classification according to EU Directives 67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC

T, Toxic

R61: May cause harm to the unborn child. R62: Possible risk of impaired fertility.

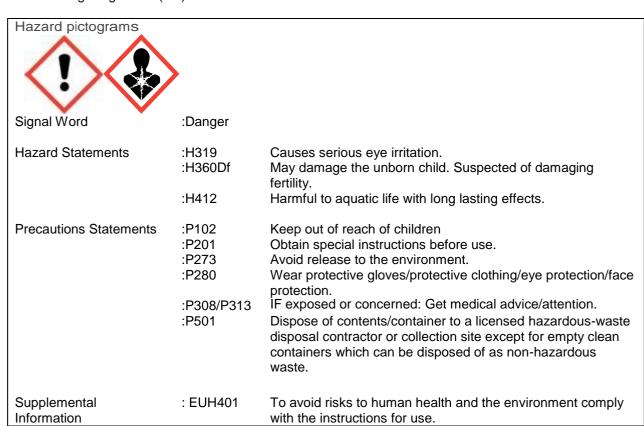
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2.2 Label elements

Labelling: Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008



Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:

Tetrahydrofurfuryl alcohol

Labelling: EU Directives 67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC

Symbol(s) Toxic		
R-phrases	:R61 :R62	May cause harm to the unborn child. Possible risk of impaired fertility.
S-phrases	:S2 :S13 :S20/21 :S36/37	Keep out of reach of children Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wear suitable protective clothing and gloves.
Additional labelling	:	To avoid risks to man and the environment, comply with the instructions for use.

2.3 Other hazards

None known.

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SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.2 Mixtures

Hazardous components

Chemical Name	CAS-No. EC- No. Registration num- ber	Classification (67/548/EEC)	Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)	Concentration
Tetrahydrofurfu 97-99-4 ryl alcohol 202-625-6		T R61 R62 R36	Repr.1B; H360Df Eye Irrit.2; H319	50 - 70 % W/W
trinexapac-ethyl 95266-40-3 N		N R51/53	Aquatic Chronic2; H411	11.3 % W/W

Substances for which there are Community workplace exposure limits.

For the full text of the R-phrases mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General Advice : Have the product container, label or Material Safety Data Sheet with you

when calling the Syngenta emergency number, a poison control centre or

physician, or going for treatment.

Inhalation : Move the victim to fresh air. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer

artificial respiration. Keep patient warm and at rest. Call a physician or

Poison Control Centre immediately.

Skin Contact : Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash off immediately with

plenty of water. If skin irritation persists, call a physician. Wash

contaminated clothing before re-use.

Eye Contact : Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least

15 minutes. Remove contact lenses. Immediate medical attention is

required.

Ingestion : If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or

label. Do NOT induce vomiting.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and

delayed Symptoms : No information available.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Medical advice : There is no specific antidote available. Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

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5.1 Extinguishing media

Extinguishing media - small fires

Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.

Extinguishing media - large fires

Use alcohol-resistant foam or water spray.

Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

As the product contains combustible organic components, fire will produce dense black smoke containing hazardous products of combustion (see section 10). Exposure to decomposition products may

be a hazard to health.

5.3 Advice for fire-fighters:

Wear full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

6.2 Environmental precautions:

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Contain spillage, and then collect with non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and place in container for disposal according to local / national regulations (see section 13). If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform respective authorities.

6.4 Reference to other sections

Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8. Refer to disposal considerations listed in section 13.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

No special protective measures against fire required. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. For personal protection see section 8.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

No special storage conditions required. Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep out of the reach of children. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Registered Crop Protection products: For proper and safe use of this product, please refer to the approval conditions laid down on the product label.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

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Components	Exposure limit(s)	Type of expo- sure limit	Source
trinexapac-ethyl	10 mg/m3	8 h TWA	SYNGENTA

The following recommendations for exposure controls/personal protection are intended for the manufacture, formulation and packaging of the product.

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering Measures : Containment and/or segregation is the most reliable technical

protection measure if exposure cannot be eliminated. The extent of these protection measures depends on the actual risks in use. If airborne mist or vapours are generated, use local exhaust ventilation controls. Assess exposure and use any additional measures to keep airborne levels below any relevant exposure limit. Where necessary,

seek additional occupational hygiene advice.

Protective measures : The use of technical measures should always have priority over the

use of personal protective equipment. When selecting personal protective equipment, seek appropriate professional advice. Personal protective equipment should be certified to appropriate

standards.

Respiratory protection : No personal respiratory protective equipment normally required. A

particulate filter respirator may be necessary until effective technical

measures are installed.

Hand protection : Suitable material: nitrile rubber.

Break through time: > 480 min Glove thickness: 0.5 mm

Chemical resistant gloves should be used. Gloves should be certified to an appropriate standard. Gloves should have a minimum breakthrough time that is appropriate to the duration of exposure. The breakthrough time of gloves varies according to the thickness, material and manufacturer. Gloves should be discarded and replaced if there is any indication of degradation or chemical

breakthrough.

Eye Protection : Eye protection is not usually required. Follow any site specific eye

protection policies.

Skin and body protection

: Assess the exposure and select chemical resistant clothing based on

the potential for contact and the permeation / penetration

characteristics of the clothing material. Wash with soap and water after removing protective clothing. Decontaminate clothing before reuse, or use disposable equipment (suits, aprons, sleeves, boots,

etc.). Wear as appropriate: impervious protective suit.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State : Liquid
Form : Liquid
Colour : Orange to red

Odour Chreshold : Odourless
Odour Threshold : No data available
pH : 2 - 6 at 1 % w/v

Melting point/range : 2 - 6 at 1 % w/v

No data available

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Boiling point/boiling range

Flash point : 82 °C at 1,013 hPa DIN EN22719

No data available

Evaporation rate : No data available
Flammability (solid, gas) : No data available
Lower explosion limit : No data available
Upper explosion limit : No data available
Vapour pressure : No data available
Relative vapour density : No data available
Density : 1.07 g/cm³ at 20 °C

Solubility in other solvents : No data available Partition Coefficient : No data available

n-octanol/water

Autoignition temperature : 265 °C

Thermal decomposition : No data available Viscosity, dynamic : 48.7 mPa.s at 20 °C 23.5 mPa.s at 40 °C

Viscosity, kinematic : No data available
Explosive properties : Not explosive
Oxidizing properties : Not oxidising

9.2 Other information

Surface tension : 38.6 mN/m at 20 °C

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity : See Section 10.3 "Possibility of hazardous reactions"

10.2 Chemical Stability : The product is stable when used in normal

conditions

10.3 Possibility of hazardous : No hazardous reactions by normal handling and

reactions storage according to provisions.

10.4 Conditions to avoid : No decomposition if used as directed.

10.5 Incompatible materials : No substances are known which lead to the

formation of hazardous substances or thermal

reactions.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition : Combustion or thermal decomposition will evolve

products toxic and irritant vapours.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 male and female rat, > 5,050 mg/kg
Acute inhalational toxicity : LC50 male and female rat, > 2.57 mg/l, 4h
Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 male and female rabbit, > 2,020 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation : Rabbit: non-irritating
Serious eye damage/eye : Rabbit: moderately irritating

irritation

Respiratory or skin: Buehlet Test guinea pig: not a skin sensitiser in animal tests.

sensitisation

Germ cell mutagenicity

Trinexapac-ethyl Did not show mutagenic effects in animal experiments.

Carcinogenicity :

Trinexapac-ethyl Did not show carcinogenic effects in animal experiments.

Teratogenicity:

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Trinexapac-ethyl Did not show teratogenic effects in animal experiments.

Reproductive toxicity

Tetrahydrofurfuryl alcohol May damage the unborn child. Suspected of damaging fertility.

Trinexapac-ethyl Did not show reproductive toxicity effects in animal experiments.

STOT - repeated exposure

Trinexapac-ethylNo adverse effect has been observed in chronic toxicity tests.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Toxicity

Toxicity to fish : LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout), > 120 mg/l, 96h

Toxicity to aquatic

invertebrates

: EC50 Daphnia magna (Water flea), > 120 mg/l, 48h

Toxicity to aquatic plants : ErC50 Anabaena flos-aquae (bluegreen algae), > 120 mg/l, 96 h

EbC50 Anabaena flos-aquae (bluegreen algae), > 120 mg/l, 96 h

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Biodegradability : Not readily biodegradable

Stability in water

Trinexapac-ethyl

Degradation half life: 3.9 – 5.5 d. Not persistent in water

Stability in soil

Trinexapac-ethyl : Degradation half life: < 0.2 d. Not persistent in soil

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

trinexapac-ethyl : Does not bioaccumulate.

12.4 Mobility in soil

trinexapac-ethyl : Medium mobility in soil.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

trinexapac-ethyl : This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating nor

toxic (PBT).

This substance is not considered to be very persistent nor very

bioaccumulating (vPvB).

12.6 Other adverse effects

Classification of the product is based on the summation of the concentrations of classified components.

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDER ATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product : Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with

chemical or used container. Do not dispose of waste into sewer. Where possible recycling is preferred to disposal or incineration. If recycling is not practicable, dispose of in

compliance with local regulations.

Contaminated packaging : Empty remaining contents. Triple rinse containers. Empty

containers should be taken for local recycling or waste

disposal. Do not re-use empty containers.

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SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Land transport (ADR/RID), Sea transport(IMDG), Air transport (IATA-DGR)

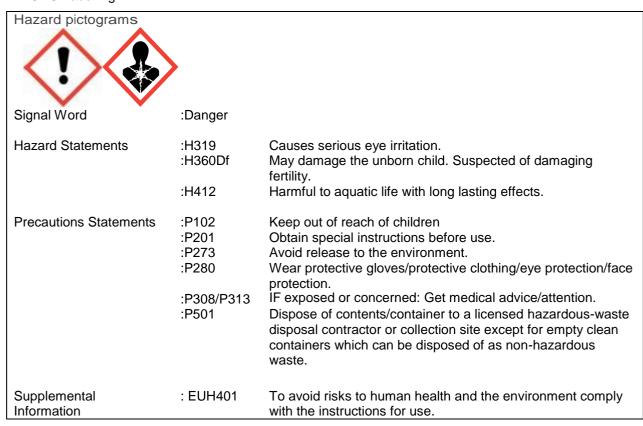
14.1	UN Number	:	Not applicable
14.2	UN proper shipping name	:	Not applicable
14.3	Transport hazard class(es)	:	Not applicable
14.4	Packing Group	;	Not applicable
Labels		:	Not applicable
14.6	Special precautions for	:	none
	user		

14.6 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

not applicable

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture GHS-Labelling



Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:

Tetrahydrofurfuryl alcohol

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment is not required for this substance.

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Approval number, MAPP 13374.

Use plant protection products safely. Always read the label and product information before use.

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Based upon SDS release dated 09/09/2014, version 7 with local amendment.

Full text of R-phrases referred to under sections 2 and 3:

R36 Irritating to eyes.

R51/53 Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic

environment.

R61 May cause harm to the unborn child. R62 Possible risk of impaired fertility.

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H360Df May damage the unborn child. Suspected of damaging fertility.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

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